CHAPTER XIII.

MILITIA AND MOUNTED POLICE.

PART I.-MILITIA.

759. Previous to the confederation of the Provinces, the Defence of defence of this country was entirely in the hands of the Imperial Government, who for that purpose maintained troops in federation.
each Province, supported by various local volunteer militia corps. This volunteer militia had, when called upon, rendered most efficient service in times of trouble, an account of which would be beyond the scope of this chapter, being, as it is, part of the history of Canada.

760. After Confederation the British Government gradually Withdraw withdrew all the Imperial troops from this country, and at al of Imperial present only maintain a garrison at Halifax, and a naval troops. establishment there and on the Pacific coast.

761. By the British North America Act the command in Command chief of all naval and military forces of and in Canada was in chief vested in the Queen, and the control of the same was placed the Queen. In the hands of the Dominion Parliament. A Department of Militia and Defence was at the same time established, the first Minister being Sir George E. Cartier, and the first Militia Act was passed in 1868, 31 Vic., chap. 40. This Act was subsemiliar quently amended in various ways, but is practically embodied in the present Consolidated Militia Act, 46 Vic., chap. 2, passed 25th May, 1883. By it the militia of Canada is declared to consist of all the male inhabitants of Canada of the age of who co

The first class comprises those aged 18 or upwards and under 30, being unmarried or widowers without children.